



Year Group	Autumn Term	Spring Term	Summer Term
R	Why is the word 'God' so important to Christians?	Why is Easter special for Christians?	Which places are specially valued and why?
	Why is Christmas special for Christians?	Being special: where do we belong? Learn from at least two religions	Which stories are specially valued and why?
1	What do Christians believe God is like?	Who is Jewish? What do they believe and how do they live?	What makes some places significant? What makes some places sacred to believers?
	Why does Christmas matter to Christians? How and why do we celebrate special times?	Who is a Muslim? What do they believe and how do they live?  Why does Easter matter to Christians?	
2	How and why do we celebrate significant times? What makes some celebrations sacred to believers?	How do we show we care for others? Why does it matter?  How do we show we care for the Earth? Why does it matter?	Who is an inspiring person? What stories inspire Christian, Muslim and/or Jewish people?  What is the 'good news' Christians believe Jesus brings?
	What can we learn from sacred books and stories?		
3	Where, how and why do people worship?	What is the 'Trinity' and why is it important for Christians?	How do festivals and family life show what matters to Jewish people?
	Why do some people think life is like a journey? How and why do people mark the significant events of life?	What kind of world did Jesus want?  Why do Christians call the day Jesus died 'Good Friday'?	
4	How is faith expressed in Hindu communities and traditions?	How do festivals and worship show what matters to Muslims?	What are the deeper meanings of the festivals?
	How is faith expressed in Sikh communities and traditions?	For Christians, what was the impact of Pentecost?	How and why do people try to make the world a better place?
5	What does it mean if Christians believe God is holy and loving?	Values: what matters most to Humanists and Christians?	How do Christians decide how to live? 'What would Jesus do?'
	Creation and science: conflicting or complementary?	How and why do some people inspire others? Examples from religions	What do Christians believe Jesus did to 'save' people?
6	What helps Hindu people as they try to be good?	Justice and poverty: why does faith make a difference?	Why do some people believe in God and some people not?
	How is faith expressed in Islam?	What will make our community a more respectful place?	How does faith enable resilience?



7	<p>Why do Christians believe Jesus was God on Earth?</p> <p>Core and diverse Islam: what is universal and what is different?</p>	<p>How are Sikh teachings on equality and service put into practice today?</p> <p>What happens when we die? What difference does it make if you believe in life after death?</p>	<p>What do people believe about God and the Universe?</p> <p>Should Christians be greener than everyone else?</p> <p>Why are people good and bad?</p>
8	<p>It's my life: what should I do with it?</p> <p>What difference does it make to be an atheist or agnostic in Britain today?</p>	<p>Do prophets still influence us today?</p> <p>Why is there suffering in the world? Are there any good solutions?</p>	<p>What do we do when life gets hard?</p> <p>What makes a person inspirational to others?</p> <p>How can people express the spiritual through the arts?</p>
9	<p>Good, bad; right, wrong: how do I decide?</p> <p>What is so radical about Jesus?</p> <p>Why don't Hindus want to be reincarnated and what do they do about it?</p>	<p>What does it mean for Christians to believe in God as Trinity?</p> <p>Sharing one world: are religions part of the problem or the solution?</p>	<p>What will make our community a more respectful place?</p> <p>The Buddha: how and why do his experiences and teachings have meaning for people today?</p> <p>Should happiness be the purpose of life?</p>
10	<p>Navigating multicultural Britain: how can our varied religious and non-religious communities live for the wellbeing of all?</p> <p>How can we all improve our knowledge of different beliefs and our skills in interfaith dialogue?</p>	<p>Good without God?</p> <p>Ethics and religion are sometimes intertwined, and sometimes separated. How do different religions contribute to ethical ideals and practices?</p> <p>Why might a non-religious basis for ethics help a plural society?</p>	<p>SBNR: a growing identity?</p> <p>Is the identification of being 'spiritual but not religious' important in the UK today?</p> <p>Are many people SBNR? What variety of meanings is there in this identity?</p> <p>Does being SBNR help people with personal, social and political life?</p>
11	<p>Religion and politics: does religion in Britain and globally contribute to political stability or instability?</p> <p>Should politicians control religion?</p> <p>Is it always a bad idea for religion to control politics? How has religion challenged politics to be 'the best that we can be'?</p>	<p>Film and faith: are the movies key ways of communicating and exploring what it means to be human in the contemporary world?</p> <p>In what ways are movies similar to sacred texts, and in what ways different?</p>	<p>Evil: what do different religions say and do to reduce it?</p> <p>An exploration of the nature of evil according to different faiths and beliefs and a consideration of ways to reduce evil in the modern world</p>